

LEISHMANIA

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LEISHMANIA

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 μ , . μ ,
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 . . μ μ
 μ .

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1.

μ μ μ
 μ μ .
 μ μ μ μ μ μ
 μ , μ μ μ μ μ
 . μ μ μ
 μ μ μ
 . μ μ μ μ μ ,
 , μ *Leishmania* spp.
 μ μ μ .
 , μ PCR
Leishmania spp. μ -
 μ *Leishmania* -
 μ μ μ . 4
 - μ μ μ
 μ DNA *Leishmania*.
 (DNA *Leishmania*) -
 , μ μ
 μ .
Leishmania, μ μ
 μ . μ μ
 μ , ,
 (. . .), μ PCR, μ
 μ . μ
 μ μ μ μ μ .
 μ PCR μ
 μ μ μ μ μ .
 μ μ μ μ μ (58.1%).
 μ PCR, μ μ μ
 μ μ 19 25%.
 μ μ μ , μ
 μ μ .
 μ , , , μ

1. ABSTRACT

Leishmaniosis is a parasitic zoonotic disease that represents a significant public health threat. The accurate diagnosis of the disease is of determinative importance in the application of targeted treatment and minimizes the danger of transmission contributing to the decrease of the number of cases and the limitation of their geographic distribution. The use of bio-nanoparticles could contribute significantly to the detection of the pathogen in clinical samples without the need of dedicated equipment.

The aim of this study was the design of an easily applicable, fast, specific and reliable technique for the detection of *Leishmania* spp. using cadmium selenide (CdSe) quantum dots and gold nanoparticles.

Initially, a comparative evaluation of four PCR methods was performed for the detection of *Leishmania* spp. in order to define the optimum target-DNA region of the *Leishmania* genome, and conclude to a reference methodology. Four (4) oligonucleotide-probes were designed to be conjugated with commercially available gold nanoparticles for the detection of *Leishmania* DNA. For the same reason (detection of *Leishmania* DNA) two oligonucleotide-probes were designed, the one to be conjugated with quantum dots and the other with magnetic beads. For the detection of surface antigen of *Leishmania*, quantum dots and magnetic beads were conjugated with two antibodies specific for parasite's surface antigens. The evaluation of the methods under study was performed in regard to their sensitivity, specificity, minimum detection limit (MDL), and specifically for the PCR methods, repeatability and reproducibility. The reference material used consisted of cultured isolates and clinical samples that were collected from dogs brought to veterinary clinics with suspicion of leishmaniosis.

Similar results were recorded by all PCR methods with regard mainly to cultured isolates. The percentage of positive results recorded by method C was significantly higher compared to the other three (58.1%). The respective measurement for methods A, B, and D, was similar and varied in all cases between 19 and 25%. The relative sensitivity and specificity were referenced to method C that produced the highest percentage of confirmed positive and negative results. Effectively sensitivity and specificity of methods A, B, and D were defined to 50.7% (33/65), 43% (28/65), 40% (26/65) and 90.8% (69/76), 93.4% (71/76), 89.5% (68/76) respectively. The MDL of the methods A-D was calculated as the mean average of the measurement of seven repeats, at 30.7, 5, 3.7, and 5 promastigotes/ml, respectively. Repeatability was excellent for the all methods, as it was higher than 0.75, something that was

statistically significant at 5% level. Reproducibility was good to excellent depending on the PCR reagents that were used. The positive and the negative controls were correctly identified with all three combinations of nanoparticles. The relative sensitivity and specificity of the DNA detection method with gold nanoparticles referenced to PCR, were 92% and 100% respectively depending on the material to be examined, while the MDL was defined at 11,5ng/ml. The MDL of the DNA detection method using quantum dots was 3.125ng/ml, while the specificity of cellular detection method with quantum dots was 10^3 cells/ml.

The three methods described in the present study provide an easy, fast and economic way for the detection of members of genus *Leishmania* using nano-probes. The proposed methods can be used for the development of diagnostic methods for use particularly in enzootic regions where detection of very small amounts of parasite is not of top priority.

2.

<i>Leishmania</i>		-
<i>L. infantum</i>	, , μ ,	<i>Phlebotomus perniciosus</i> , <i>P. ariasi</i> , <i>P. perfiliewi</i> , <i>P. neglectus</i> , <i>P. langeroni</i> , <i>P. tobbi</i> <i>P. kandelakii</i>
<i>L. chagasi</i> (μ <i>L. infantum</i>)	, μ	<i>P. chinensis</i> , <i>P. alexandri</i> <i>Lutzomyia longipalpis</i> , <i>Lu. evansi</i> , <i>Lu. olmeca olmeca</i>
<i>L. donovani</i>	, , ,	<i>P. orientalis</i> , <i>P. Martini</i> , (<i>P. tobbi</i>)
<i>L. tropica</i>	,	<i>P. sergenti</i> , <i>P. Arabicus</i> , <i>P. similis</i>
<i>L. braziliensis</i>	μ	<i>Lu. wellcomei</i> , <i>Lu. spinicrassa</i> , <i>Lu. whitmani</i> , <i>Lu. yucumensis</i> , <i>Lu. carrerai carrerai</i> , <i>Lu. llanosmartinsi</i> , <i>Lu. ovallesi</i> , <i>Lu. intermedia</i> , <i>Lu. gomezi</i> , <i>Lu. trapedoi</i> , <i>Lu. ylephiletor</i> , <i>Lu. umbratilis</i> <i>Lu. peruensis</i> , <i>Lu. verrucarum</i> ,
<i>L. peruviana</i>		<i>Lu. ayacuchensis</i>
<i>L. panamensis</i>	μ	<i>Lu. trapedoi</i> , <i>Lu. ylephiletor</i> , <i>Lu. gomezi</i> , <i>Lu. panamensis</i> , <i>Lu. hartmanni</i>

1:

Leishmania μ

2.3

μ , μ μ μ μ
(μ μ),
μ μ , μ μ μ
μ μ . , μ μ μ
μ μ μ , μ μ μ
μ μ μ (Enserink,

2000; Owens et al., 2001; Giger et al., 2002; Rosypal et al., 2003; Baneth et al., 2005).

(), (Sivakumar, 2004).
().
tropica complex *L. donovani* complex *L. infantum* (Mauricio, 2007).

L. infantum,
(Alvar et al., 2004).

(Molina et al., 2012).
L. infantum
(ettini et al., 1980; Morillas et al., 1985),

(World Health Organization, 1990; Desjeux, 2001; Desjeux, 2004; Ready, 2008).

L. infantum (Marty et al., 2007),
(Maroli et al., 2007).

15 μμ
, 2.5 μμ (16.7%)
(Alvar, 2001).

33% (Zerpa et al., 2000)
36% (Ashford et al., 1998).

(*Babesia* spp. *Trypanosoma* spp.), (Alvar et al., 2004).

PCR
80% (Berrahal et al., 1996; Dereure et al., 1999; Zaffaroni et al., 1999; Solano – Gallego et al., 2001; Leontides et al., 2002),

μ
 , μ μ
 μ μ
 μ μ (Molina et al., 1994; Travi et al., 2002), μ μ
 μ μ (Moreno and Alvar, 2002).

μ μ μ μ μ ,
 μ μ .
 (Amela et al., 1995; Acedo-Sánchez et al., 1996; Morillas et al., 1996), μ μ
 , μ (Fisa et al., 1999).

μ μ μ μ μ 80 %
 μ μ μ
 μ , μ 8 10 (Amela et al., 1995; Acedo-Sánchez et al., 1996).

, . ,
 μ (Ibizan hound) μ μ (mongrels)
 (Solano-Gallego et al., 2000).

μ - 3 % μ
 μ - 70% μ
 μ (Amela et al., 1995). μ μ
 μ μ , μ μ
 .
 μ (μ).

2.4

Leishmania o μ μ
 μ μ μ μ
 . μ 100-1.000 ,
 μ μ Langerhans,
 μ . μ
 μ μ μ ,

pH μ μ
gp63

(Solbach and Laskay, 2000). , μ

μ μ μ

(Theodoropoulos and Theis, 1989). μ μ -

μ , μ μ .

Th1 μ μ μ ()

μ μ μ () Th2 μ

μ , μ μ μ μ μ μ

μ 3 μ 7 (

), (Slappendel and Ferrer, 1998; Barbiéri, 2006; Castellano et al., 2009).

2.5

μ μ μ

μ μ , , μ , μ

, μ μ , , ,

, μ μ

μ (Chapman and Hanson, 1984; Chang et al., 1985; Ferrer et al., 1991; Ciaramella et al., 1997; Blavier et al., 2001; Tafuri et al., 2001).

μ μ μ μ

μ , , μ ,

μ (Solano-Gallego et al., 2004; Ordeix et al., 2005). μ

μ μ μ , μ

56-91% (Koutinas et al., 1992; Ciaramella et al., 1997).

μ μ , μ ,

μ μ , μ μ

μ (Denerolle, 1996; Ciaramella et al., 1997; Koutinas et al., 1999; Baneth et al., 2005).

μ μ 40-75% μ , μ .

2.8.1.2

μ *Leishmania* spp.
(RPMI) μ
, .
μ
μ 26 C.
μ μ
μ , .
μ *Leishmania* spp.
μ 20% μ μ , μ
, μ
μ μ .

2.8.1.3 (Polymerase Chain Reaction, PCR)

μ μ μ
, PCR μ ,
PCR μ - . PCR
μ μ μ
, , μ μ
μ μ (Tavares et al., 2003). μ
μ , PCR
μ ,
(Schallig and Oskam, 2002).
μ μ PCR μ μ
μ μ μ μ μ (Martin-Sanchez et al.,
2004; Riera et al., 2004). PCR μ
μ 18S-rRNA, μ μ
μ (small subunit rRNA/SSU rRNA), μ μ μ
μ DNA, - μ , μ

2.8.2

μ . μ μ μ ,

2.8.2.1 μ μ μ μ (Leishmanin skin test /LST)

μ μ μ μ μ μ Leishmanin test (LST), Montenegro. μ

μ μ . 24-48 . LST μ 5 mm. (Mauel and Behin, 1982), μ , μ

μ μ (Alvar et al., 2004).

2.8.2.2 μ $\mu\mu$ μ (Indirect Fluorescent Antibody Test, IFAT)

μ μ μ μ μ μ μ μ

Leishmania. μ (Alvar et al., 2004).

μ μ μ μ μ 6-9 μ

μ (Srivastava et al., 2011). IFAT μ

28.4% (Boelaert et al., 2004) 86.6% (Iqbal et al., 2002), μ μ *Trypanosoma* (Boelaert et al., 2004; Singh et al., 2005).

2.8.2.3 μ (Direct agglutination test, DAT)

μ μ μ . μ ,
 μ
 . μ DAT
91-100% 72-100 % (Liarte et al., 2001; Tavares et al., 2003).
 μ μ μ
 μ . μ μ μ μ
 μ μ μ μ μ μ μ
 μ μ . μ μ μ μ μ μ
(18) μ .
DAT μ μ
 , μ μ μ
 . μ μ μ DAT
(Fast Agglutination Screening Test, FAST) μ μ
Leishmania μ μ μ
(Schoone et al., 2001). μ FAST μ μ
 μ
 μ . , μ μ DAT, μ
 μ μ
 , μ ,
(Singh, 2006).

2.8.2.4 μ μ (Enzyme-linked-immuno-sorbent assay, ELISA)

μ μ μ
 μ (Srivastava et al., 2011).
 μ μ μ μ μ
 μ μ . μ μ μ , ELISA
 μ μ μ .
ELISA μ
 μ .

2.8.2.5

μ

μ μ μ ,

μ μ μ .

, μ μ

(InBios, USA) μ Lc-rK39

L. chagasi, (Span Diagnostic Limited, India)

μ Ld-rKE-16

L. donovani.

, μ μ μ

μ μ μ μ

(SD BIOLINE Leishmania Ab, Standard Diagnostics Inc., Korea). μ

μ μ μ $\mu\mu$ μ μ

Leishmania .

μ μ , μ μ -

μ μ μ $\mu\mu$ μ μ $\mu\mu$,

μ μ μ $\mu\mu$ μ μ 10-15

.

2.9

μ μ μ μ , μ

98 , , , ,

μ .

μ μ (Hsia, 2009). 90%

μ μ , ,

, (Choi and Lerner, 2001)

μ , , ,

(Desjeux, 2004).

1.5 $\mu\mu$ μ

μ 0.5 $\mu\mu$. μ

μ μ μ μ

(μ μ) AuNPs
 μ - DNA, μ μ
 μ μ .
 μ μ , AuNPs
 μ μ . .
 μ μ .
 , μ , μ
 AuNPs μ μ μ
 μ 520 nm
 UV μ . , μ μ AuNPs
 μ μ μ μ
 μ μ μ 520 nm
 574 nm. μ μ μ
 μ , μ μ
 μ μ μ . , ,
 μ μ . μ
 μ μ μ
 μ (QDs)
 μ μ μ Bohr
 (Buhro and Colvin, 2003). μ
 μ , Bohr QDs
 μ μ . μ , μ μ μ
 μ 2-6 nm μ
 μ μ μ
 μ μ μ
 μ μ μ μ μ
 μ (CdSe), μ (CdS), (InAs),
 (InP) μ (PbS). μ -
 μ - μ μ μ μ ,
 μ QDs μ
 μ . μ
 μ μ μ .
 μ μ μ

QDs

" μ " μ , QDs μ

μ , μ

μ μ .

μ , μ

(μ) μ μ (Alivisatos, 1996).

μ μ QDs

μ ZnS μ CdSe

QD (Dabbousi et al., 1997).

μ μ QDs

(Parak et al., 2002). μ

μ QDs. , μ

μ μ .

QDs μ μ ,

- μ μ μ μ ,

μ μ . μ μ

μ μ

μ μ μ

/ μ . μ μ

μ μ QDs

μ .

, μ μ QDs,

μ ,

. QDs μ μ μ

μ μ DNA

μ μ .

QDs μ

μ μ μ

μ .
 μ QD (μ)
 μ μ QD μ
 μ μ
 (Alivisatos, 1996).
 CdSe μ μ μ μ 450
 650 nm, CdTe μ μ 500 750 nm,
 InAs PbSe μ μ μ 800 nm (Michalet
 et al., 2005). (QDs
 μ μ μ μ μ μ
 μ) μ μ μ μ
 μ μ QDs.
 μ μ μ
 μ QDs 20 100
 μ (Weissleder, 2001).

2.11

μ μ
 $\mu\mu$ μ .
 μ μ μ
 μ , μ μ μ
 μ . μ
 μ - μ μ μ
 μ μ μ μ
 μ μ μ μ .
 μ μ μ μ ,
 μ , μ μ μ μ ,
 μ μ μ μ ,
 μ μ μ μ .
Leishmania spp.
 μ μ μ .

3.

3.1

μ , μ
 μ μ μ .
 μ (n=15) *Leishmania* spp.
 μ , (n=40)
 μ *Leishmania*
spp., μ (2).
 μ PCR μ μ
(n=86) μ (n=76), μ (n=5) μ
(n=5), μ DNA μ AuNPs-probe μ 20
 μ ,
 μ
2009-2012. 32 86 μ μ , μ μ $\mu\mu$
 μ
 . μ μ μ μ μ
 μ μ

μ	
<i>L. infantum</i>	10
<i>L. infantum MON-1</i>	1
<i>L. infantum MON-98</i>	1
<i>L. donovani MON-37</i>	1
<i>L. tropica</i>	1
<i>L. major</i>	1
	15
μ	
<i>Trypanosoma brucei brucei</i>	1
<i>Ehrlichia canis</i>	6
<i>Ehrlichia equi</i>	2
<i>Babesia</i> spp.	4
<i>Theileria</i> spp.	3
<i>Brucella</i> spp.	5
<i>Toxoplasma gondii</i>	4
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	10
<i>Salmonella</i> spp.	5
	40

2: μ μ μ
 μ .

3.2 DNA

3.2.1 μ DNA μ μ μ

μ DNA μ μ μ μ μ

(NucleoSpin Tissue kit Macherey-Nagel, Düren, Germany) μ μ

200 µl µ µ 25 µl
 (20mg/ml) 200 µl µ 3
 µ µ 70°C 10 .
 , 210 µl (96-100%), ,
 µ µ (NucleoSpin Tissue columns),
 11.000 g 1 min. NucleoSpin µ
 µ 2 ml 500 µl µ
 BW. 11.000 g 1 min.
 µ 600 µl µ 5. ,
 µ 2 ml, µ µ
 µ 11.000 g 1 µ µ
 µµ . , µ µ
 1,5 ml (microcentrifuge tube) 100µl µ
 (elution buffer) µ µ 70°C. µ
 µ µ µ 1 min.
 11.000 g 1 . T µ -20°C.

3.2.2 µ DNA

µ DNA µ µ µ
 µ µ µ µ (NucleoSpin Tissue kit Macherey-Nagel,
 Düren, Germany) µ µ . ,
 10ml , 3.000 g 30 ,
 µ µ 25 µl
 (20mg/ml) 180 µl µ 1.
 10-20 s. µ µ µ
 56°C 14-18 . µ
 200 µl µ 3 µ ,
 µ µ 70°C 10 .
 µ 3.2.1.

3.2.3

μ DNA μ

μ DNA μ μ μ μ
 μ μ (NucleoSpin Tissue kit Macherey-Nagel) μ μ
 25 mg 25 μl (20mg/ml) 180 μl
 μ 1. 10-20 s. μ
 μ 14-18 μ 56°C.
 μ 200 μl μ
 3 μ , μ
 μ 70°C 10 . μ
 3.2.1.

3.3

PCR

μ - μ
Leishmania -
 μ μ μ
 μ ,
 μ PCR *Leishmania* spp.
 μ PCR, μ real time PCR μ μ μ μ
 μ PCR.

3.3.1

μ

μ
 PCR 3. μ
 μ , μ
 , μ
 μ μ μ .
 A (Cortes et al., 2004) μμ DNA μ
 447 bp *L. infantum* (Genebank accession no. **AF169140**).
 μ μ 25 μl 3 μl DNA, 1 X PCR μ
 μ [Tris-HCl, KCl, (NH₄)₂SO₄, 15 mM MgCl₂, 2.5 mM MgCl₂, 200 μM dNTPs

(Fermentas, Lithuania), 1.25 U Taq Polymerase (Qiagen, Germany) 0.2 μM

μ B μ μ μ μ
(Genekam Biotechnology AG, Germany), μ
μ μ μ 603 bp DNA *L. donovani* (
(Piarroux et al., 1995) μ μ DNA μ
216 bp μ μ μ *L. infantum* (Genebank accession
no. **L42486.1**). μ μ 50 μl 5 μl DNA, 1X
PCR Buffer [Tris-HCl, KCl, (NH₄) MgCl₂], 3 mM MgCl₂, 200 μM dNTPs
(Fermentas, Lithuania), 1.25 U Taq Polymerase (Qiagen, Germany) 0.2 μM

μ real time PCR (Schulz et al., 2003) μ
μ DNA μ 428 bp 18S-rRNA
Leishmania spp. μ 20 μl 5 μl
DNA, 1X LightCycler Hyprobe Master (Roche, Mannheim, Germany), 2 mM MgCl₂,
0.5 μM 0.2 μM

μ μ μ
μ (master mix). μ μ
μ , μ μ μ
(dNTP's), real time PCR
μ μ Taq μ
(PCR Workstation) μ
μ μ PCR. μ
μ μ PCR. μ
μ , μ μ
DNA. μ
DNA μ (MyCycler®, RAD,
California) μ PCR LightCycler 2.0 (Roche, Basel,
Switzerland) real time PCR (3).
20% μ
μ . μ DNA
μ μ (, IFAT PCR) μ

μ μ , .

DNA μ

Leishmania

		μ		$(^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{sec})$	
	(5 – 3) /			μ	
A	MC1:GTTAGCCGATGGTGGTCTTG MC2: CACCCATTTTTCCGATTTTG	95/30	56/30	72/40	35
B	T2: CGGCTTCGCACCATGCGGTG B4:ACATCCCTGCCCACATACGC CDLS: 5 -GCTCCAAAAGCGTATATTAATGCTGT-3 CDLA: 5 -TCCTTCATTCTAGAGGCCGTGAGT-3 1:GGTTTTAAAGGTCTATTGGAGATTATGGAGCTGTGCG (3' label, 6-carboxy-fluorescein) 2: CAAGCGCTTTCCCATCGCAACCTCGGT (5 label, LC red 640, 3 phosphorylated)	94/30 95/30 95/10	54/30 62/30 55/10	72/90 72/20 72/40	40 40 45*

* μ μ μ μ $0.1^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{sec}$ μ 95°C 0 sec, μ 50°C 15 sec

3: μ μ - .

(Altman and Bland, 1994).

(n=36) (n=40).

(, PCR DNA) .

3.3.4 - PCR

, , (Anonymous, 1994).

5 µl DNA µ µ

20 µ µ . µ µ µ

µ µ µ . µ 12 µ

µ µ 8

µ , . µ

µ DNA µ µ (n=3) µ µ

µ (1:1.000 – 1: 100.000) (n=9).

µ , µ , ,

µ , µ µ (Anonymous, 1994).

µ µ µ

µ , µ µ

µ µ - µ

µ , µ

µ (MJ Research PTC-200 ThermoCycler, MJ Research GMI, Minnesota, USA).

µ , µ PCR (Taq DNA polymerase Recombinant, Invitrogen,

California) μ ,
 μ .

3.3.5 μ PCR

μ μ μ ,
 μ μ 7 *L. infantum* μ μ
(n=2) (n=5) 10^6 /ml μ
70% . μ 9 ml μ
 μ μ DNA 100 μ l. μ
DNA (1:10 - 1:10⁸) 5 μ l
 μ PCR μ μ μ .
 μ
 μ 99% (Ripp, 1996) μ

Chemidoc XRS System (Biorad, USA).

3.3.6 μ μ μ $\mu\mu$ μ (Indirect Fluorescent Antibody Test/IFAT)

μ IFAT μ 32 μ μ
, μ μ (Leishmania SPOT IF,
BioMerieux, France). μ
 μ , μ μ μ μ
1/160 μ (Ferroglia et al., 2002). μ
 μ μ , μ μ ,
, - (,
) .

3.4

LEISHMANIA SPP.

3.4.1 μ (AuNPs)

3.4.1.1 μ

μ PCR ,
 (Gene Runner, Hasting Software Inc., NY USA) 4
Leishmania, DNA
 (Genebank accession no. **AF169140**). μ
 (m) 4. μ
 μ μ , 5
 μ μ () 10 .

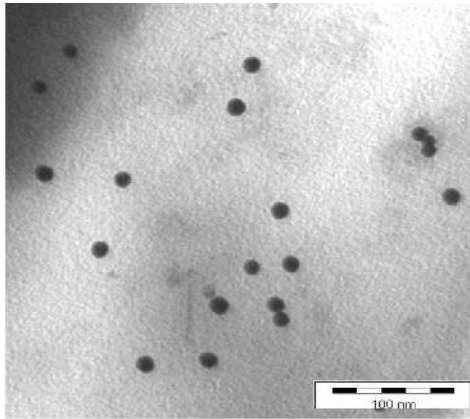
/	(5 -3)	Tm °C
LeishAu1	GTTAGCCGATGGTGGTCTTG	63,2
LeishAu2	ACGGGTGTCTTTGATGATGC	63,8
LeishAu3	TAGTCTGGTGGGATGCTTCG	63,2
LeishAu4	GTGCCTTTGATGTGGGTGTT	63,5

4: μ

3.4.1.2 μ μ

μ μ μ μ μ
 (Nanopartz, Salt Lake City, Utah, USA), μ μ 20 nm
 (2). μ
 μ μ (Hill and Mirkin, 2006)
 : 1 ml μ 40 μ l
 μ (100pmol/ μ l)

16-18 .
 buffered saline) SDS (Sodium dodecyl sulfate) PBS (phosphate
 0.1% (w/v) 9 mM
 30 min. 24 5
 NaCl 0.3 M
 13.000 g 15 min. 1,5 ml
 500 μ l (10 mM phosphate, 150 mM NaCl, 0.1%
 w/v SDS, pH 7,4).
 4°C.



2: (Transmission Electron Microscope, TEM)
 96

3.4.1.3

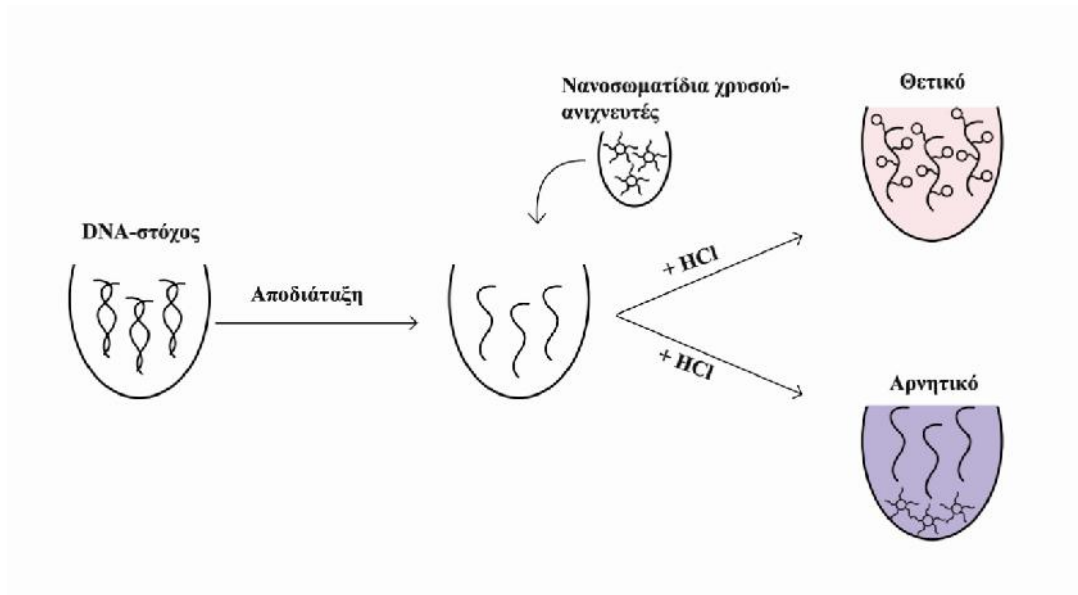
96
 480-700
 (Infinite M200, Tecan, Switzerland).
 2-5 nm (~523 nm)
 (518-519 nm).

3.4.1.4

μ AuNPs-probe

3.4.1.4.1

10 μl DNA (10mM PBS, pH 5.0)
 50 μl μ (10mM PBS, pH 5.0)
 95°C 5 μ
 DNA. 10 μl μ
 20 μl HCl 0.1 μ , 5 . ,
 10-20 μ . μ
 (3). μ μ μ μ (Infinite
 M200, Tecan, Switzerland), μ μ μ
 520 nm, μ
 (μ μ
 575 nm).



3: μ μ DNA μ AuNPs
 (Andreadou et al., 2014).

3.4.1.4.2

μ μ , μ
 μ (1/2-1/64) DNA *Leishmania donovani*
(23 ng/ μ l), 3.4.1.4.1.
 μ
 μ 99% (Ripp, 1996).

3.4.1.4.3

μ μ μ μ μ μ .
 μ μ μ μ μ μ μ μ μ μ .
 μ (Altman and Bland, 1994).
 μ μ ,
 μ DNA (10 μ l) μ μ μ μ μ μ PCR
(n=20). μ μ μ PCR
(μ μ) .
PCR μ μ Cortes et al. (2004). μ
 μ (Andreadou et al., 2012) μ μ .
 μ μ μ , μ μ μ
 μ 5 DNA μ μ μ μ (n=20)
.

3.4.2 μ (QDs CdSe)

3.4.2.1 DNA

3.4.2.1.1 μ

μ PCR,
 (Gene Runner, Hasting Software Inc., NY USA) 2
 , μ (quantum dots, QDs) (LeishQD1)
 μ μ (magnetic beads, MBs) (LeishQD2)
 μ μ μ DNA *Leishmania* spp.
 μ
 5. μ QDs s,
 μ μ .

	/	(5 -3)*	Tm °C	
LeishQD1	AAGAGGCGGTGTCACAGAGATGGG		56	QDs
LeishQD2	ACAGCGACGTCCGTGGAAAG		51	MBs

5: μ
 DNA μ μ .
 * 5

3.4.2.1.2 μ -

X μ μ μ μ
 (Qdot® 605 ITK™ Carboxyl Quantum Dots, Invitrogen), μ
 μ μ . ,
 50 μ l μ , 400 μ l μ
 , 96 μ l 11,4 μ l of EDC (10 mg/ml)
 1,5 μ . , μ

μ 100
 kDa 4.000 g μ 10 μ μ μ μ μ μ 500 μ l
 μ 5
 μ .
 μ , μ ,
 200 μ l μ
 μ 15 . μ
 μ μ μ μ μ 100
 kDa μ 500 μ l μ μ
 μ μ -
 μ . , μ μ μ
 μ 500 μ l.

3.4.2.1.3

μ μ -
 μ μ μ μ
 μ μ (Dynabeads M-280 Streptavidin, Invitrogen).
 μ , μ . ,
 200 μ l μ μ
 1 min. μ μ 200 μ l
 μ μ . 3 . μ
 400 μ l μ μ , 50 μ l
 μ (100 pmol/ μ l) 30
 min μ μ . , 3
 μ μ μ μ
 400 μ l PBS.

3.4.2.1.4

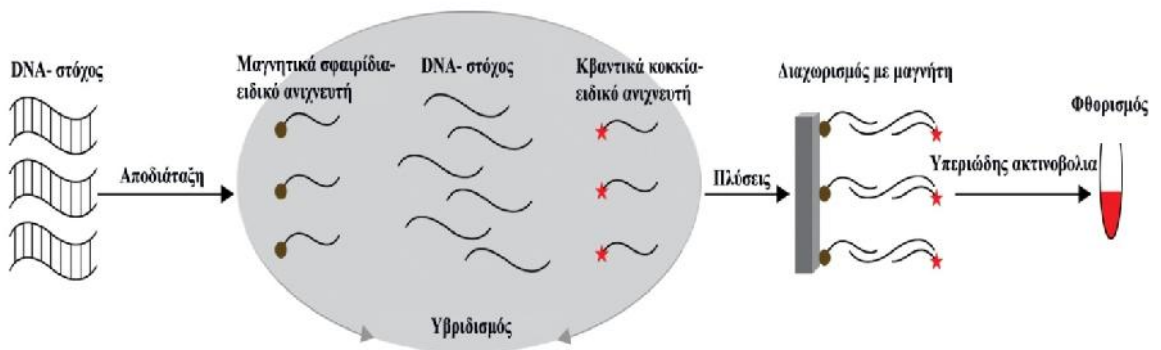
μ QDs

3.4.2.1.4.1

20 μ l μ μ DNA
 μ 95°C 5 . 50 μ l μ μ μ
 μ - μ 59°C 30

100 μ l 3 μ l 50 μ l
 59°C 1 μ l 3
 200 μ l PBS.

4).



4: μ DNA *Leishmania* spp. μ

QDs.

3.4.2.1.4.2

μ , μ
 (1/2-1/64) DNA *Leishmania infantum* (25
 ng/ μ l), (3.4.2.1.4.1).

μ μ μ μ μ
 μ , μ 99% (Ripp, 1996).

3.4.2.2

μ μ μ μ (Dynabeads M-280 Streptavidin, Invitrogen) μ μ ,
anti-mouse IgM-biotin (Acris, Herford, Germany)
 μ anti-Leishmania LPG, mouse IgM (Acris, Herford, Germany).
QDs CdSe -streptavidin,
 μ μ , anti-mouse IgG-biotin (Acris, Herford, Germany) μ anti-Leishmania gp63, mouse IgG2a (Acris, Herford, Germany). μ μ
 μ .

3.4.2.2.1

μ μ μ μ . μ ,
 μ μ μ μ
 μ μ .

3.4.2.2.1.1

- μ
(20) μ l μ μ anti-Leishmania LPG, mouse IgM
(1:50) 100 μ l *Leishmania infantum*.
 μ μ μ 10 .
20 μ l μ anti-mouse IgM-biotin (1:80) 10 . , 50 μ l μ
(Dynabeads M-280 Streptavidin, Invitrogen).
 μ 10 ,
 μ μ μ μ
50 μ l PBS μ μ
 μ . (10) μ l μ μ
 μ (10x 40x) μ μ
.

3.4.2.2.1.2 QDS – μ

X μ μ μ μ

(Qdot® 605 ITK™ Carboxyl Quantum Dots, Invitrogen), μ

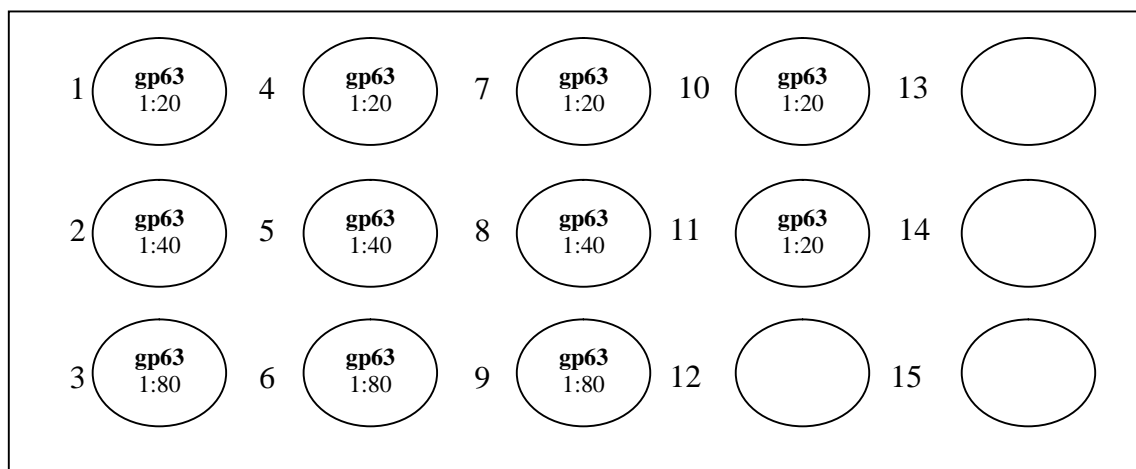
μ μ (3.2.2.1.2.).

μ 15 μ μ *Leishmania*

spp., 10 μ l μ μ anti-*Leishmania* gp63, mouse

IgG2a μ 1:20 1:80 (5) 2

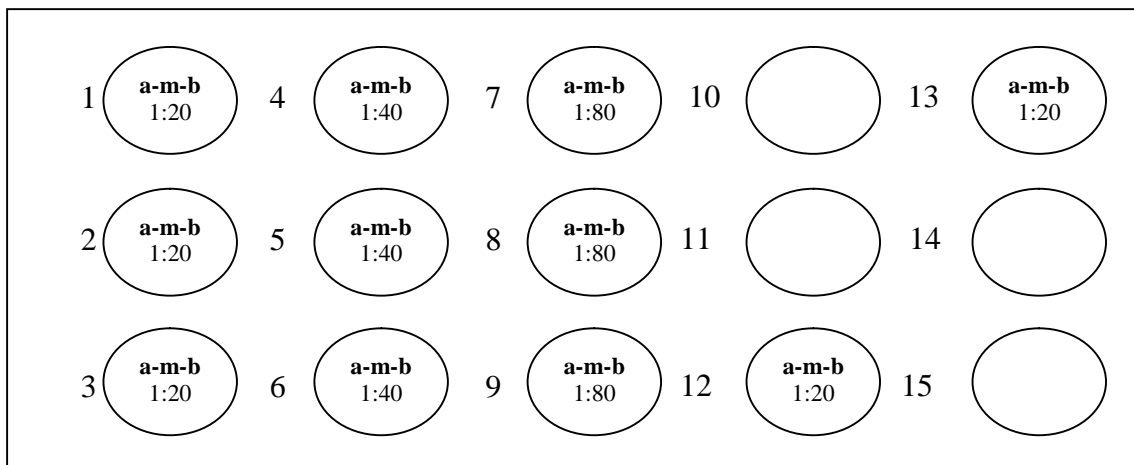
μ 37°C. μ PBS 1x.



5: μ μ μ anti-*Leishmania* gp63.

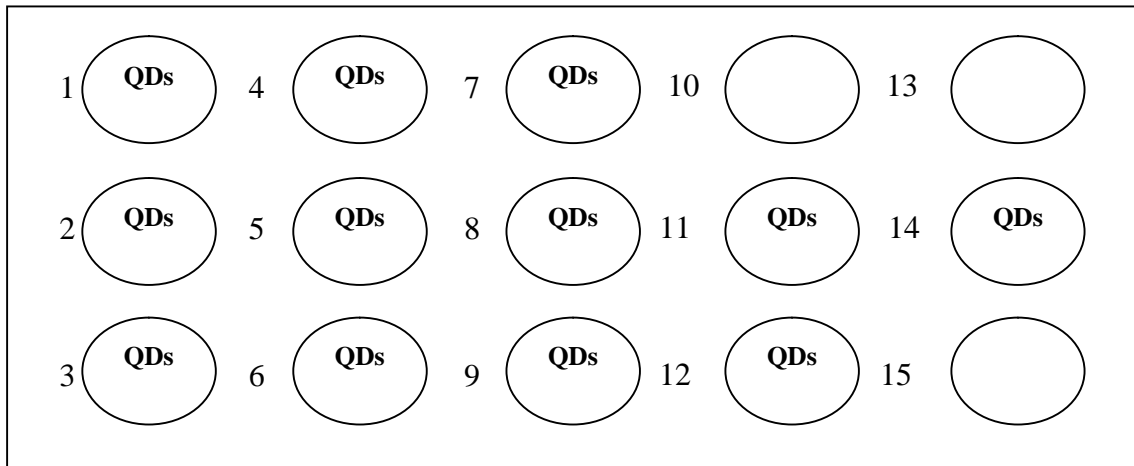
, 10 μ l anti-mouse IgG-biotin

1:20-1:80 (6) μ 37°C 2 .



6: μ anti-mouse IgG-biotin.

μ QDs (7) μ PBS 1x, 10 μ l μ 37°C 30 .



7: QDs.

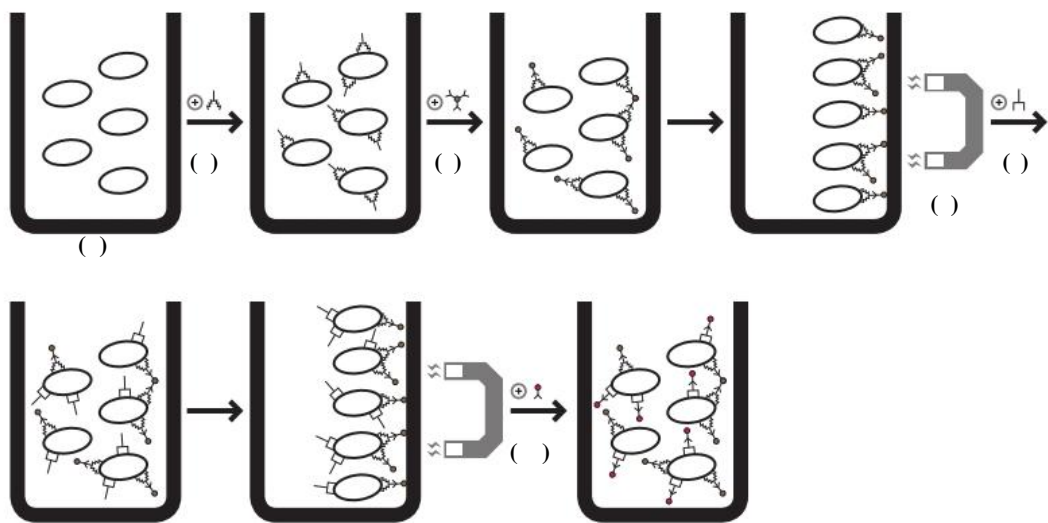
μ , μ 3 μ PBS 1x
 μ μ . μ
 μ μ QDs, μ 6
 μ (No 10-15).

3.4.2.2.2 *Leishmania* spp. μ QDs

3.4.2.2.2.1

500 μ l μ μ (2) 20
 μ l μ μ anti-Leishmania LPG, mouse IgM (1:50)
 μ μ 37°C 30 .
 20 μ l μ anti-mouse IgM-biotin (1:50)
 μ μ 37°C 30 . 50 μ l
 μ μ μ μ μ μ
 μ μ 37°C 30 . 3 μ PBS 1x
 μ μ μ anti-Leishmania gp63, mouse IgG2a (1:50)
 μ μ 37°C 30 . 3 μ PBS 1x μ
 μ μ 20 μ l μ

anti-mouse IgG-biotin (1:50) μ 37°C 30
 . 3 μ PBS 1x μ .
 , 50 μ l QDs μ μ
 μ μ , 200 μ l PBS 1x
 μ . μ μ μ μ
 μ μ μ (8).



8: μ μ *Leishmania* spp. μ QDs,
 () *Leishmania* spp., () μ μ anti-*Leishmania* LPG, ()
 μ μ μ μ μ anti-mouse
 IgM, () μ , () μ μ anti-*Leishmania* gp63, ()
 μ QDs μ μ μ anti-mouse IgG.

3.4.2.2.2.2

μ μ μ
 (1/10-1/10.000) μ *Leishmania*
infantum (10^6 /ml), (3.2.2.2.2.).

μ μ μ μ μ μ
 μ μ μ 99% (Ripp, 1996).

3.5

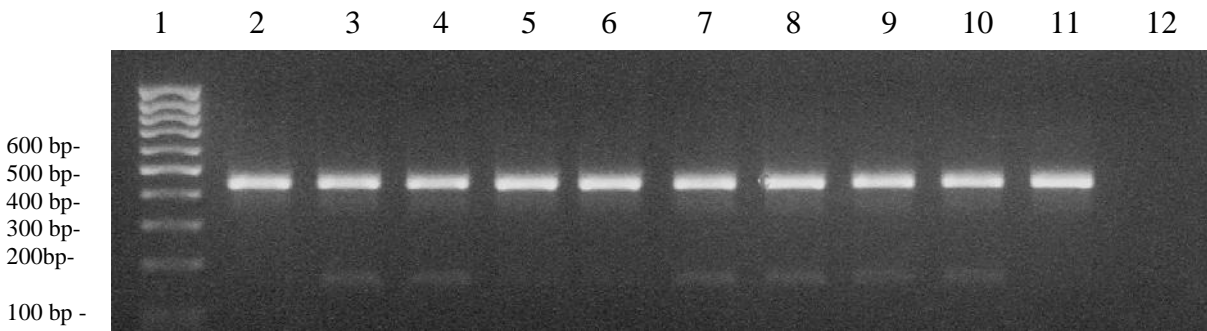
μ PCR, μ μ
μ ,
μ . μ μ μ μ μ μ
McNemar's test (R Core Team, 2013; Matthias et al., 2012), μ μ
IFAT the Fisher's exact test.
μ μ μ μ
DNA μ AuNPs μ PCR
μ McNemar's test (R Core Team, 2013; Matthias et al., 2012).
μ μ μ
, Fleiss' k-statistic (R Core Team, 2013; Matthias
et al., 2012). μ μμ
Microsoft (Microsoft Excel).

4.

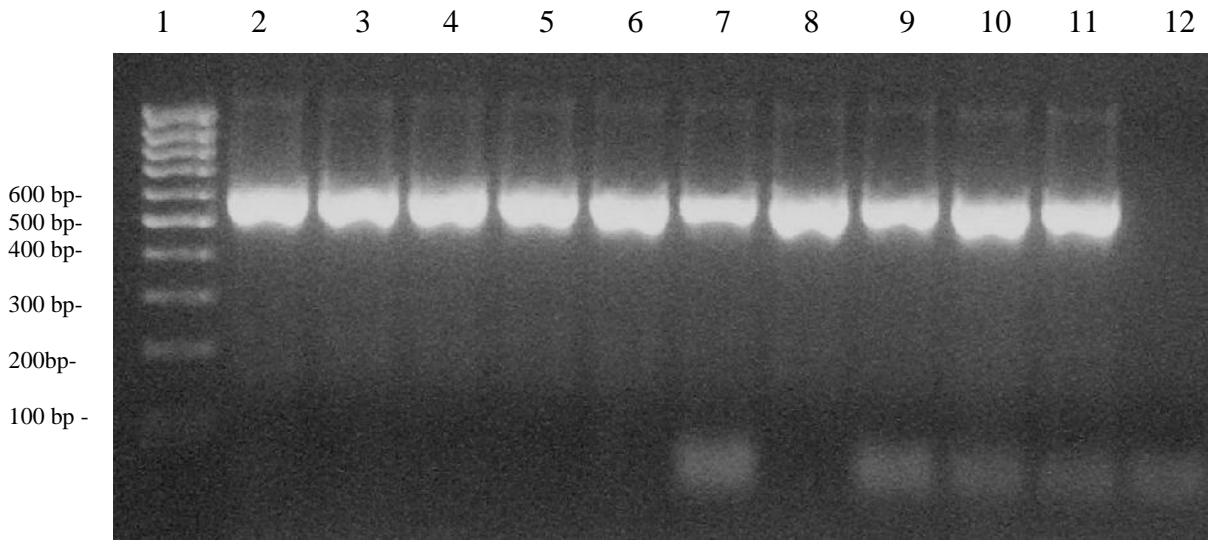
4.1

PCR

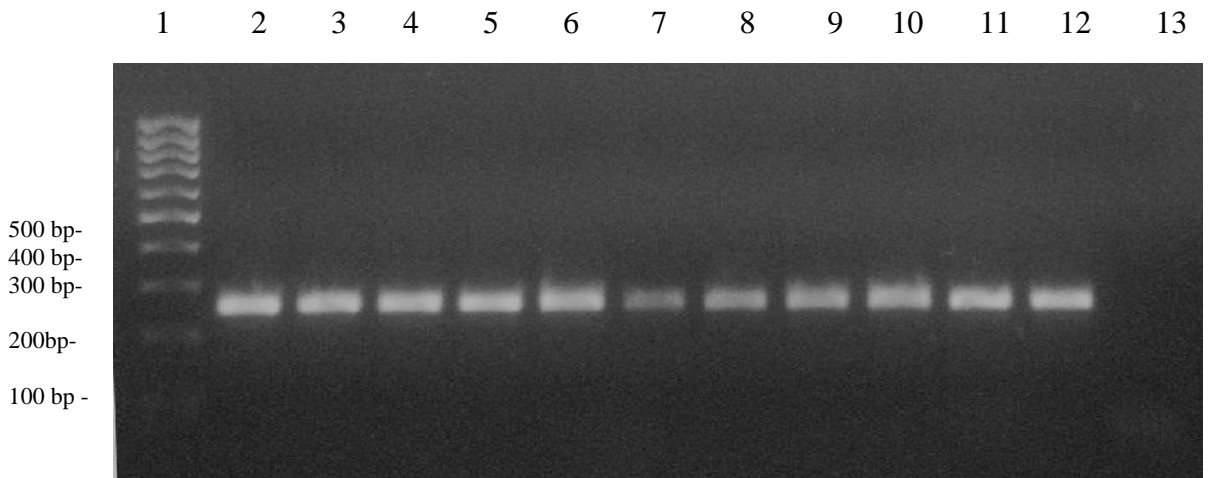
μ μ PCR
 (μ 9-11 μ *Leishmania* μ μ 1) μ μ
 μ μ . μ μ
 29% μ μ , 22% μ μ , 58.1% μ μ
 23.2% μ μ , 71% μ μ , 78% μ μ ,
 41.9% μ μ 76.8% μ μ (5). μ
 μ , μ μ
 μ μ μ A,
 (7.02×10^{-05} / ; 5.54×10^{-06} / ; 3.58×10^{-05} /), μ McNemar's exact
 test.



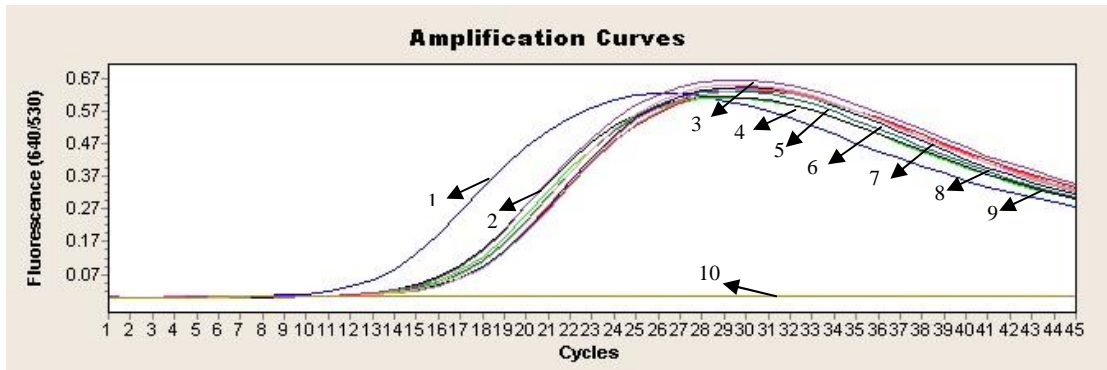
9: PCR μ .
 1: μ (DNA 100bp Ladder, Fermentas)
 2-11: DNA μ 447 bp μ (n=10)
Leishmania μ μ (μ)
 12: DNA (μ)



10: PCR μ .
 1: μ (DNA 100bp Ladder, Fermentas)
 2-11: DNA μ 603 bp μ (n=10)
Leishmania μ μ (μ)
 12: μ DNA (μ)



11: PCR μ .
 1: μ (DNA 100bp Ladder, Fermentas)
 2-12: DNA μ 216 bp μ (n=11)
Leishmania μ μ (μ)
 13: μ DNA (μ)



μμ 1: μ
 PCR μ .
 μ 1-9 μ (n=9) *Leishmania* μ μ
 (μ)
 μ 10 μ DNA (μ).

	μ (n=86)		μ	95%
	+	-		
A	25 (29%)	61 (71%)	0.19	0.39
B	19 (22%)	67 (78%)	0.13	0.31
	50 (58.1%)	36 (41.9%)	0.48	0.69
	20 (23.2%)	66 (76.8%)	0.14	0.32

5: μ μ μ μ μ - .

4.1.1 **μ μ μ μμ μ (Indirect Fluorescent Antibody Test/IFAT)**

μ IFAT PCR μ μ 23 μ 77% 52.6 μ 84.2%
 (6). μ μ IFAT
 PCR μ μ (46,1%), μ
 μ μ (84,2%). ,
 Fisher's exact test μ μ μ
 PCR IFAT μ μ μ

IFAT (n=32)

		(n=13)	(n=19)
A	+	6 (46.1%)	7 (36.8%)
	-	7 (53.8%)	12 (63.1%)
B	+	3 (23%)	3 (15.8%)
	-	10 (77%)	16 (84.2%)
	+	6 (46.1%)	9 (47.4%)
	-	7 (53.8%)	10 (52.6%)
	+	3 (23%)	4 (21%)
	-	10 (77%)	15 (79%)

6: μ μ μ IFAT μ - .

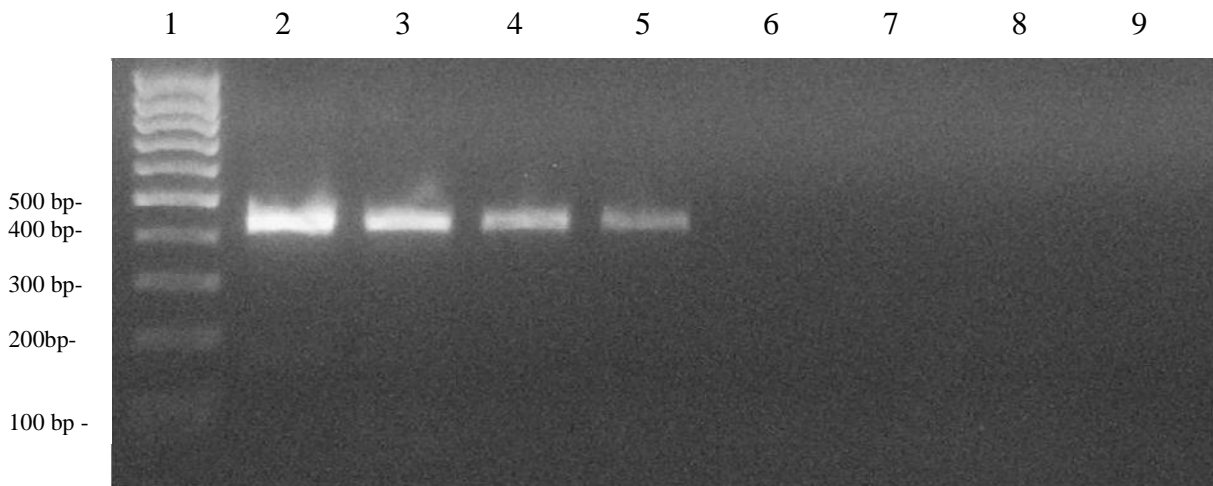
4.1.2

μ μ μ , μ
 μ (n=65,
 50 μ 15 μ) (n=76,
 36 μ 40 μ)

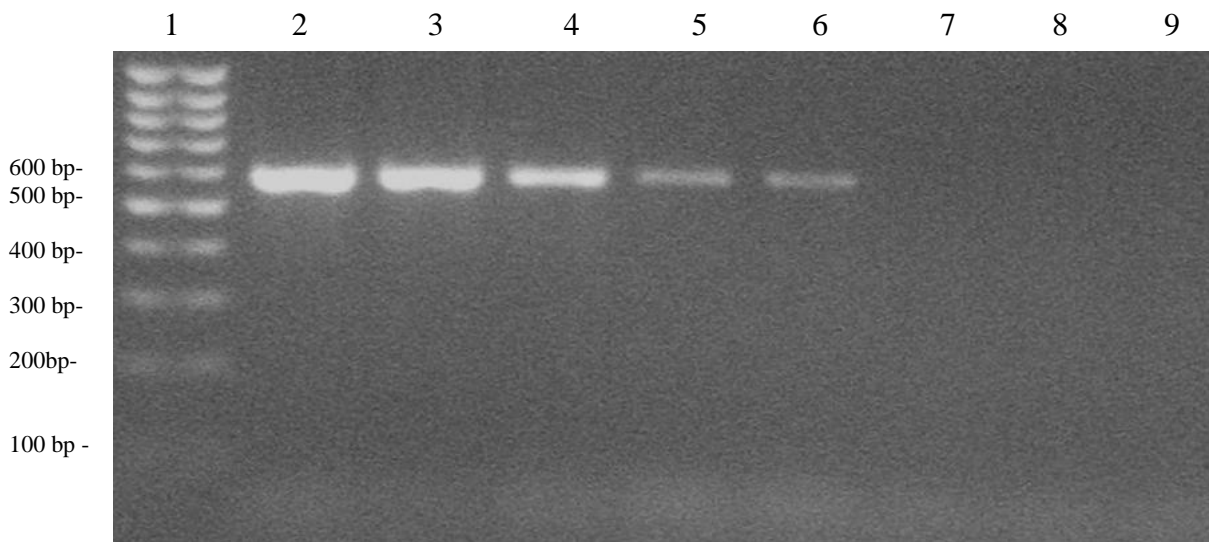
μ . μ , ,
 μ 50.7% (33/65), 43% (28/65), 40% (26/65) 90.8% (69/76), 93.4%
 (71/76) 89.5% (68/76) .

4.1.3

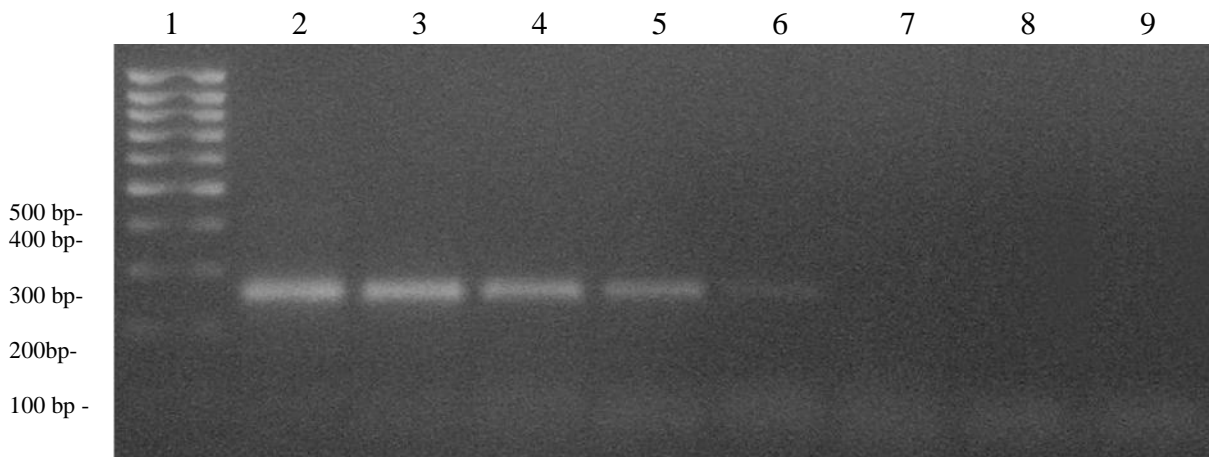
μ μ μ -
 μ μ , μ
 30.7, 5, 3.7, 5 μ
 /ml, .



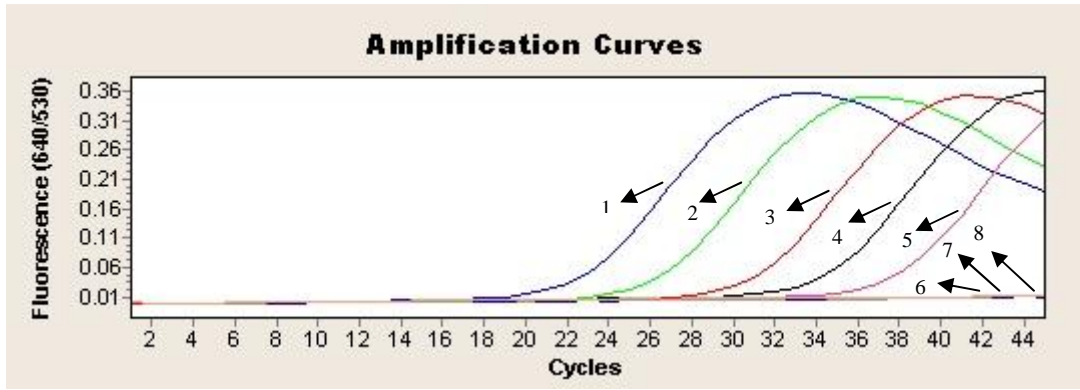
12: PCR μ .
 1: μ (DNA 100bp Ladder, Fermentas)
 2-9: DNA μ 447 bp (1:1 to
 1:10⁷) DNA *Leishmania* μ μ 10⁶ /ml



13: PCR μ .
 1: μ (DNA 100bp Ladder, Fermentas)
 2-9: DNA μ 603 bp (1:1 to
 1:10⁷) DNA *Leishmania* μ μ 10⁶ /ml



14: PCR μ .
 1: μ (DNA 100bp Ladder, Fermentas)
 2-9: DNA μ 216 bp (1:1 to
 1:10⁷) DNA *Leishmania* μ μ 10⁶ /ml



μ 2: μ
 PCR μ
 μ 1-8 (1:1 to 1:10⁷) DNA *Leishmania*
 μ μ 10⁶ /ml

4.1.4 μ - μ

k-statistic p-value μ
 μ μ μ - μ
 7. μ μ , μ
 0.75, μ 5%.
 μ μ μ μ μ μ .
 μ μ μ μ , μ
 μ μ .
 μ μ μ - μ
 PCR (0.75) μ .
 μ μ μ μ μ , μ
 μ μ μ μ μ
 (7). μ μ μ PCR
 Invitrogen μ μ ,
 μ μ μ μ 4 μ .
 μ , k-statistic p-value, μ μ
 μ μ 0.4, μ

	μ		μ	
	(k-statistic=1)		5% (7).	
	μ			
	A	B		
k-statistic	0.8	0.8	1	0.9
p-value	1.3×10^{-4}	1.3×10^{-4}	3.87×10^{-6}	2.71×10^{-5}
	μ (PCR Invitrogen)			
k-statistic	0.9 (0.6)	1 (1)	1 (1)	-
p-value	2.71×10^{-5} (1.4×10^{-3})	3.87×10^{-6} (3.87×10^{-6})	3.87×10^{-6} (3.87×10^{-6})	-

7: k-statistic p-value

μ μ μ - .

4.2 (AuNPs)

μ μ μ μ μ -

(AuNPs-probes) , μ μ

μ μ μ μ DNA, AuNPs-probes

μ μ , μ μ μ

(15). DNA- , μ μ μ

μ μ μ AuNPs-

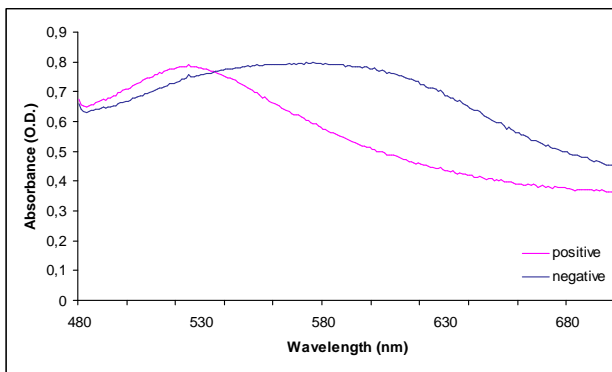
probes μ DNA- 520 nm. μ

575 nm μ μ (μ), μ

μ μ μ (16).

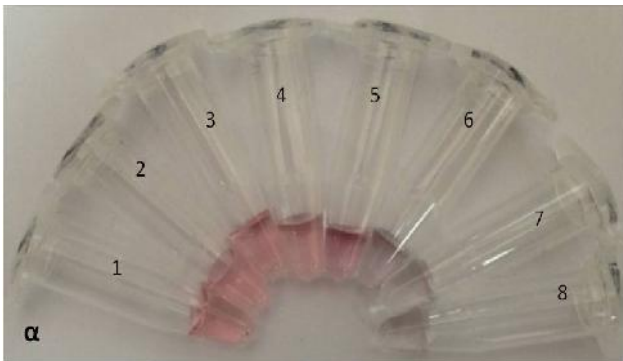


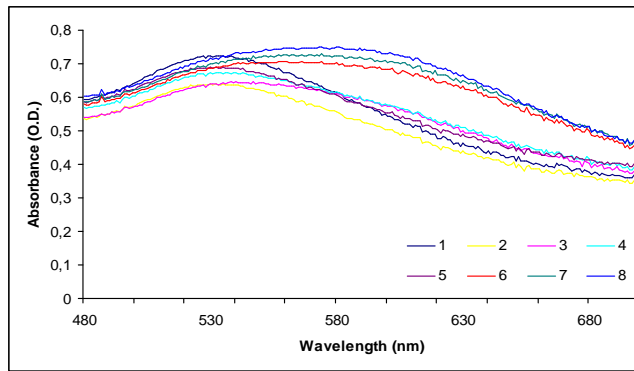
15: μ (μ) (μ)
 μ .



16: (520 nm)
 μ (575 nm).

(*Leishmania*) μ μ
 μ μ (17), μ μ
 μ μ (17).





17: μ , μ μ

AuNPs-probes. μ 1-5 μ (n=5) *Leishmania*

μ μ (μ / μ

520 nm). μ 6-7 μ

μ , μ 8 DNA (μ

575 nm).

μ μ (n=20),

μ PCR μ DNA *Leishmania*

50% (10 20)

.

μ μ

PCR- μ (n=10) μ μ μ ,

PCR- μ (n=10) . ,

μ μ PCR 92% (23

25) 100 % (50 50) , μ

μ μ .

μ μ μ μ μ

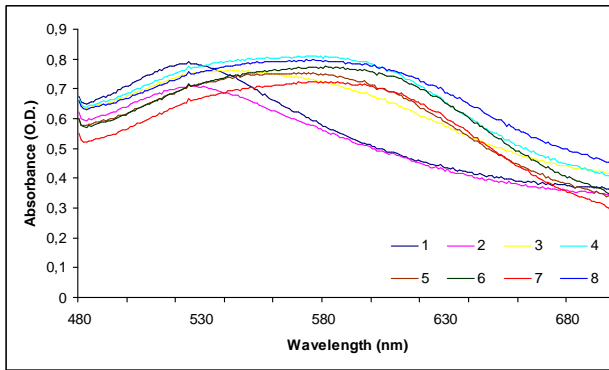
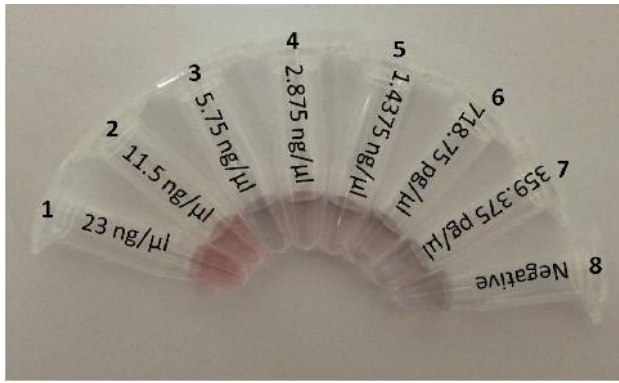
115 ng DNA *Leishmania* μ 10 μ l. , μ

μ 11,5 ng/ μ l. μ

μ μ , μ

μ (18). μ μ μ

μ μ μ (11.5,11.5).



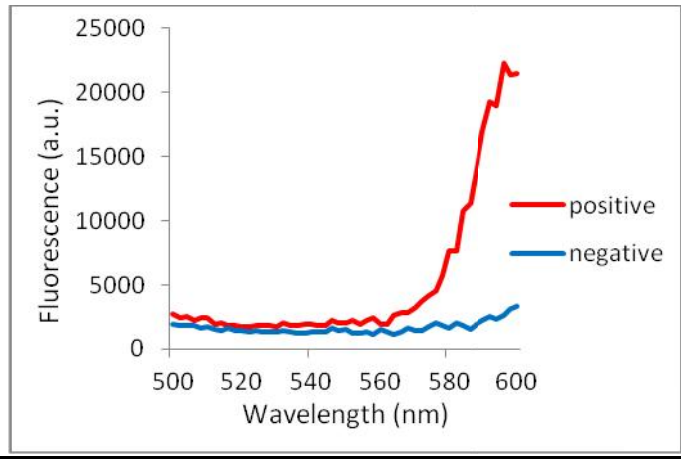
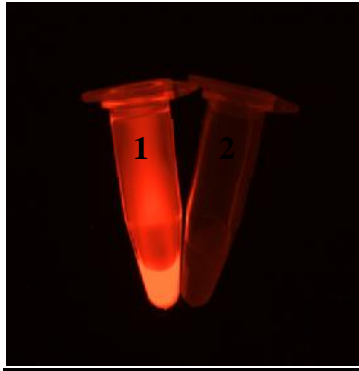
18: μ μ AuNPs-probes μ
 (1:1 to 1:64) 23 ng/ μ l DNA *Leishmania* (1-7)
 μ (8) DNA.

μ μ , μ
 (n=5) μ
 (n=20). μ 100%.
 μ Fleiss' k-statistic (k-statistic=1, p-value=0) (R
 Core Team, 2013; Matthias et al., 2012).

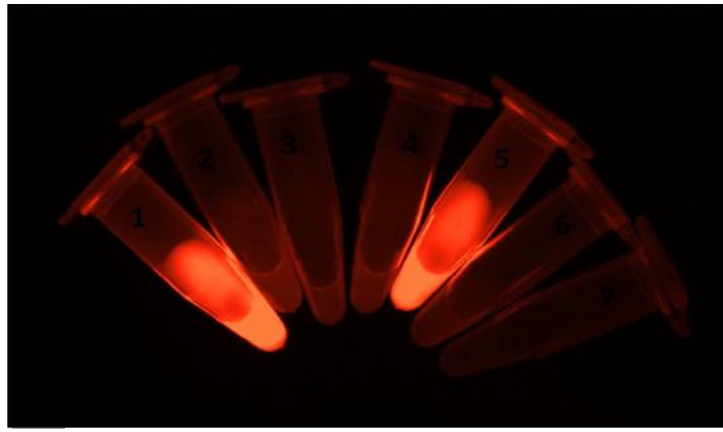
4.3 (QDs CdSe)

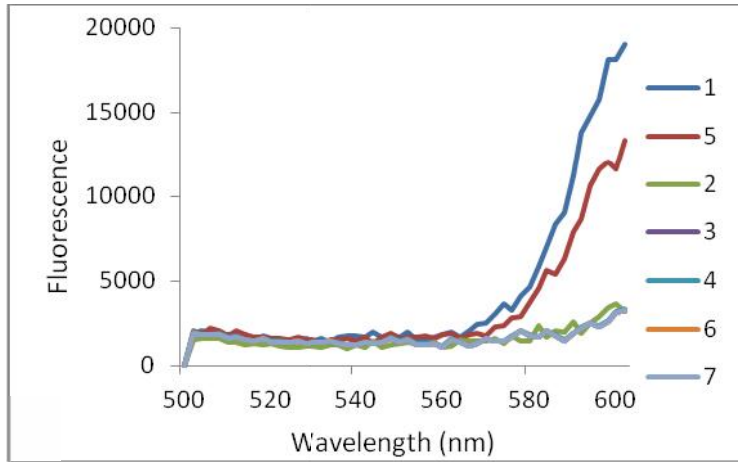
4.3.1 DNA

DNA- μ μ
 μ μ Bs-LeishQD2 QDs-LeishQD1, μ DNA-
 μ μ . μ μ μ
 μ (19). μ μ μ
 μ μ , μ μ μ
 μ μ 605 nm (19).

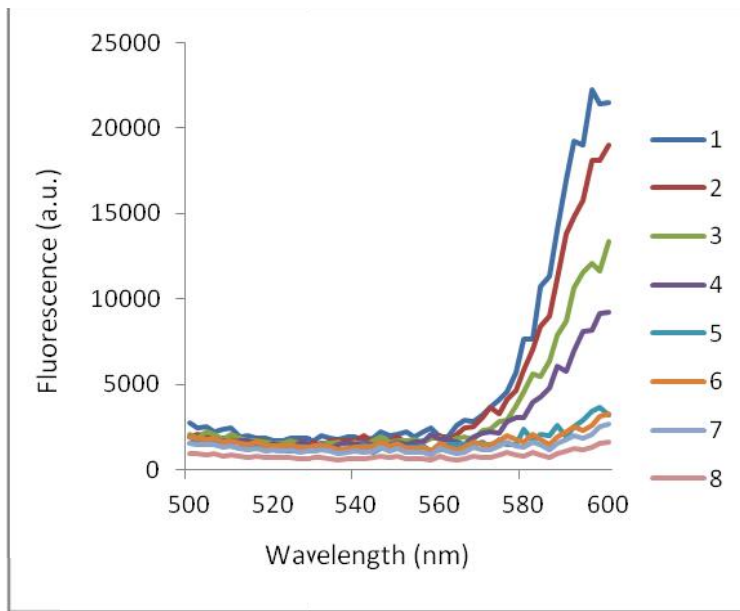
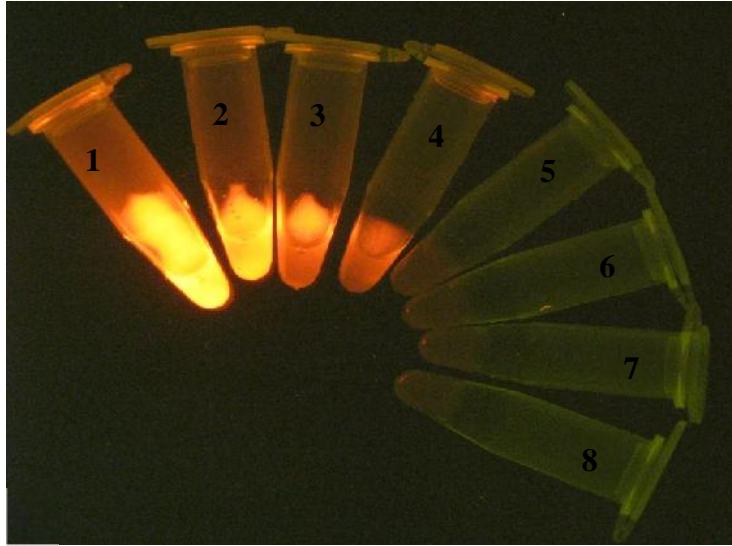


19:) 1: DNA *Leishmania* spp.
 (μ), 2: DNA (μ /
 μ)) μ μ μ (μ μ
 605 nm) μ .
 μ (*Leishmania*)
 μ μ μ μ ,
 μ μ μ μ (20).





20: μ , μ μ μ
 QDs-probes.) 1 5 *Leishmania* μ μ
 , 2, 3, 4 6 μ
 μ 7 DNA) μ
 μ μ (μ μ 605 nm)
 μ . μ 3,125 ng/ μ l (21).



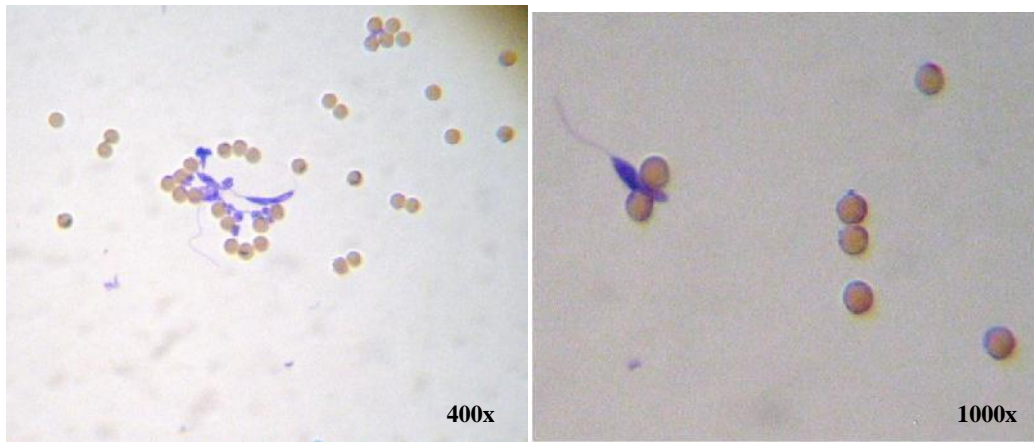
21: μ μ QDs-probes μ
 .) (1:1 to 1:64) 25
 ng/ μ l DNA *Leishmania* (1-7) μ (8)
 DNA) μ μ μ μ (
 1-4, μ μ 605 nm) (5-8).

4.3.2

4.3.2.1

4.3.2.1.1

μ anti-Leishmania LPG (μ 22).



22:

400x

1000x

μ

μ

μ

μ

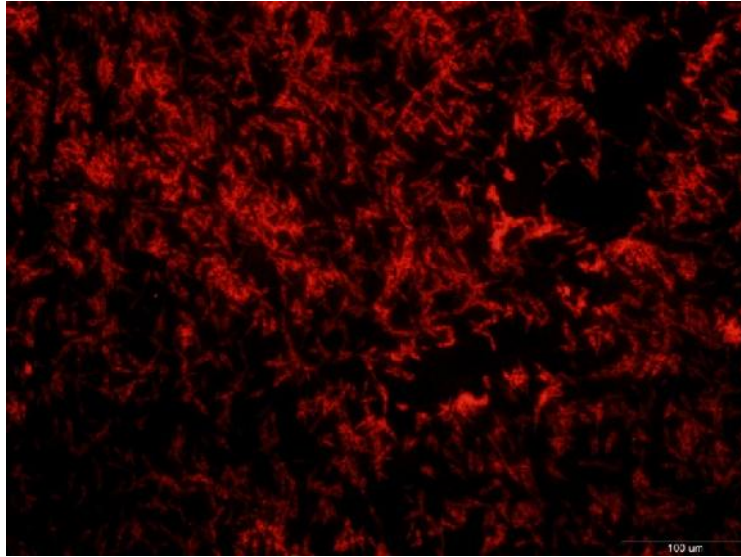
4.3.2.1.2 QDs-

μ

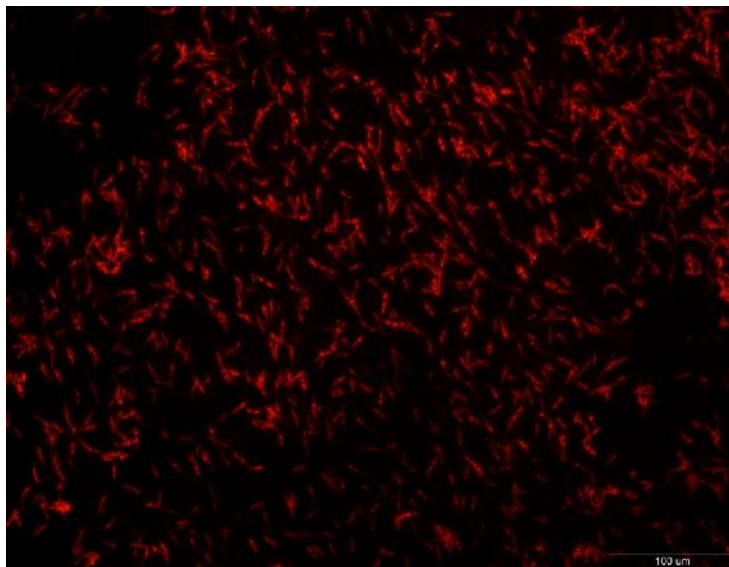
μ 1-9. μ 1:40-1:80, μ 15 μ QDs μ

μ 10-15 μ (25).

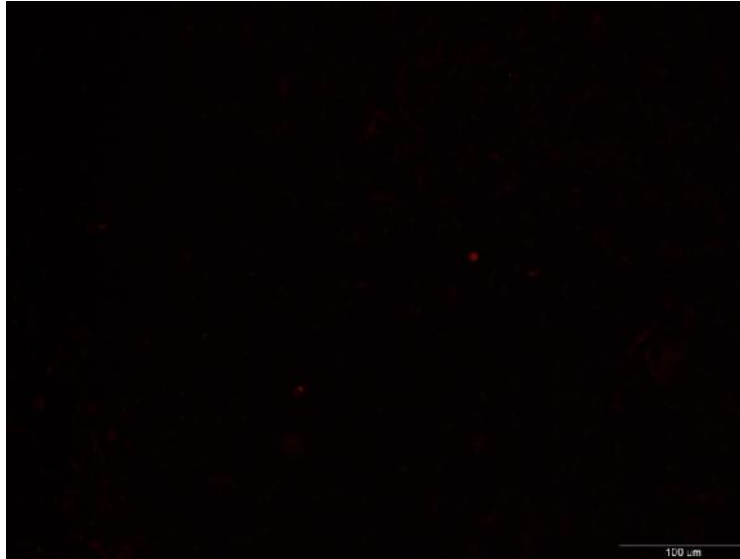
Leishmania μ (23) μ (24).



23: 1×10^6 μ 1×10^6 μ ,
 1×10^6 μ QDs 1×10^6 μ 1×10^6 μ ,
 1×10^6 μ anti-Leishmania gp63 (1:40) (5).



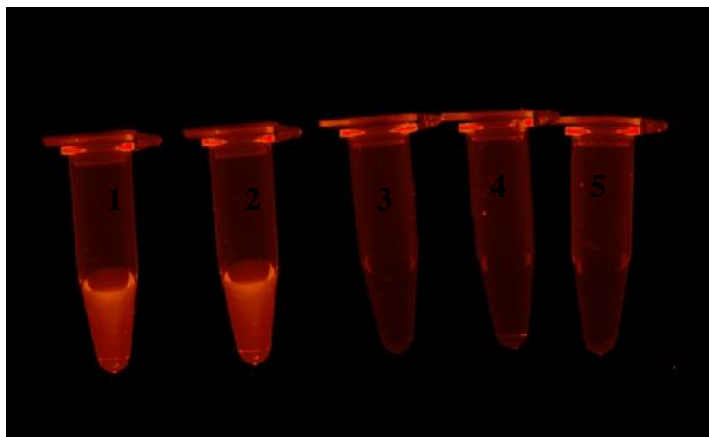
24: 1×10^6 μ 1×10^6 μ ,
 1×10^6 μ QDs 1×10^6 μ 1×10^6 μ ,
 1×10^6 μ anti-Leishmania gp63 (1:80) (9).

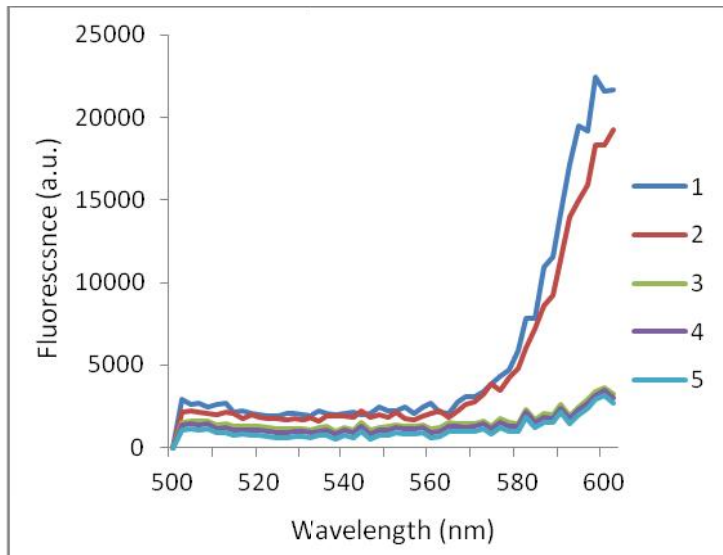


25: μ μ μ μ ,
 μ QDs μ (μ 11).

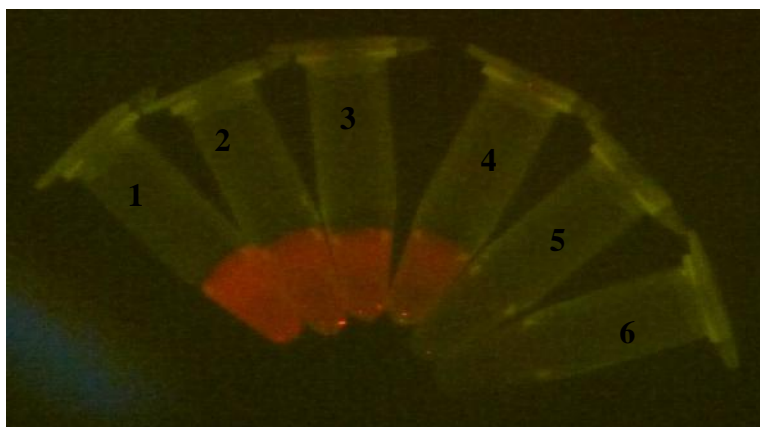
4.3.2.2 *Leishmania* spp. μ QDs

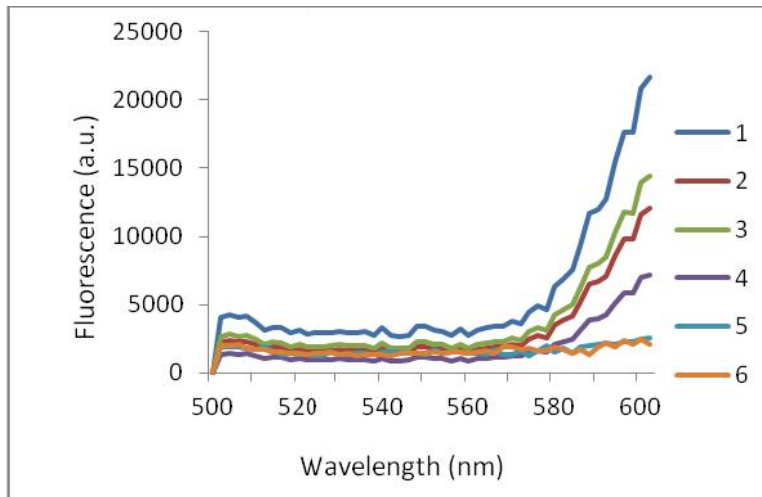
μ μ) μ μ μ μ μ μ (μ 26).





26: μ , μ μ
 QDs-antibody.) μ *Leishmania* (
 1 2), μ μ
 μ (3 4) μ
 (5)) μ μ μ *Leishmania* (1 2, μ
 μ μ 605 nm) μ (3-5).
 μ μ 10^3 /ml
 μ μ μ μ
 μ μ μ μ (27).
 μ .





27: μ μ QDs-antibody μ
 .) μ (1:1 to 1:10.000)
 μ μ μ *Leishmania infantum* (10^6 /ml) (1-5)
 μ μ (6) μ)
 μ μ μ μ (1-4,
 μ μ 605 nm) (5 6).

5.

μ / .
 μ .
 μ , μ μ μ μ μ
 μ . μ μ μ , μ
 μ μ μ μ DNA .
 μ μ μ μ μ μ .
 μ μ μ μ μ μ
 μ - , μ μ
 μ *Leishmania* spp. μ
 μ μ -
 μ μ μ μ .
DNA *Leishmania* μ QDs
- μ
 μ ,
. μ μ μ μ μ
 μ , μ μ μ
PCR μ .
 μ μ μ
 μ (carry over effect)
. PCR, μ
 μ . PCR.
 μ μ
PCR μ μ
 μ μ PCR,
 μ .

μ , μ DNA
 μ μ μ μ ,
Leishmania spp., μ μ μ μ ,
 μ μ DNA
 μ μ (carry over effect) μ
 μ μ 2
 μ
 μ μ
 μ μ , μ .
3,125 ng/ μ l 30.000
(Verma et al., 2010) μ μ μ
 μ μ (11,5 ng/ μ l).
 μ QDs μ μ ,
20
 μ . μ
 μ QDs μ
 μ μ μ
 μ μ μ .
QDs
 μ μ μ
 μ μ
 μ μ .
 μ μ μ DNA
(DNA μ)
 μ μ μ μ μ , μ
 μ
40%. μ
 μ μ μ μ μ μ
 μ μ μ ,
 μ μ .
 μ

μ , μ μ ml mg
 (Mary et al., 2004; Verna et al., 2010). μ μ
 μ μ μ μ
 μ μ μ , μ
 μ μ 10^5 ml (Verna et al., 2010).
 μ μ μ PCR
 μ μ μ , μ
 μ μ μ .
 μ μ μ μ
 μ μ μ μ .
 μ μ μ μ DNA
 μ μ μ μ QDs
 μ μ μ μ μ
Leishmania, μ
 μ μ μ μ μ μ .
Leishmania μ μ (anti-
 Leishmania LPG, mouse IgM, Acris, Herford, Germany/ anti-Leishmania gp63, mouse
 IgG2a, Acris, Herford, Germany) μ
 μ .
Leishmania μ μ
 μ μ (Ferguson et al., 1993).
 μ μ μ μ μ 7 nm,
 μ μ μ μ μ
 17 nm. μ ,
 μ μ μ μ μ μ
 μ μ μ (Pimenta et al., 1991).
 μ μ , μ
 (glycoinositol phospholipids, GIPLs) (lipophosphoglycans,

LPG) (McConville et al., 1993a; McConville et al., 1993b). μ

Leishmania

μ μ (McConville et al., 1992; Schneider et al., 1993; McConville et al., 1995).

LPG μ gp63

μ μ μ μ

(Chang and McGwire, 2002). μ , LPG -

μ (glycoconjugate) μ *Leishmania* μ 5

$\mu\mu$ μ

μ μ

μ (McConville and Blackwell, 1991; Turco and Sacks, 1991). LPG

μ (Desjardins and Descoteaux, 1997).

μ μ μ μ Gal(1,4)Man(1-PO4 6), μ μ

1-O-alkyl-2-lyso-phosphatidyl(*myo*)inositol (PI) μ μ

(Descoteaux and Turco, 1999).

μ μ μ μ μ μ

, $\mu\mu$ μ . μ

μ μ μ μ 16 μ 30 μ LPG, μ

μ (μ) μ

Leishmania. PI μ μ

μ μ *Leishmania* (McConville et al., 1990).

, μ μ μ

, μ . , μ

μ LPG μ *Leishmania*

μ μ μ μ . *L. donovani* LPG

Gal(1,4)Man(1-PO4 6) μ μ (Thomas et al., 1992), μ LPG

μ LPG μ C3 $\mu\mu$.

μ *Leishmania* μ

μ .

gp63 (63kDa) μ - μ

μ ,

μ (Sorensen et al., 1994). gp63
 μ
 500.000 (0.5-1%)
 μ , μ μ μ μ .
 μ , μ
 (Brittingham et al., 1995). gp63 μ μ
 μ μ μ *Leishmania*.
 μ μ . μ
 μ μ C3
 μ μ μ
 μ (Chaudhuri & Chang, 1988).
 LPG gp63 μ μ
Leishmania (Zambrano-Villa et al., 2002). LPG,
 GPIIs gp63 μ
 μ . ,
 μ
 μ (Handman et al., 1990; Nascimento et al., 1990; Tonui
 et al., 2001; Bhowmick et al., 2008; Sinha et al., 2011).

μ μ μ μ μ
 μ . μ , μ
 μ , .
 μ , μ ,
 μ μ μ μ μ
 μ μ
 , μ . μ
 μ μ μ μ
 μ .
 μ QDs μ μ μ
 μ , μ . μ
 μ μ μ

6.

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